

## MAT170 Review Problems for Exam2

### A. Zeros of a Polynomial – Sections 2.3-2.5

Algebraically solve the following equations:

1.  $x^3 - 7x^2 + 11x = 0$
2.  $2x^3 + 3x^2 - 89x + 120 = 0$
3.  $x^3 - 3x^2 - x + 3 = 0$

### B. Zeros and Multiplicities – Section 2.3

Algebraically find all the zeros and their multiplicities for the following functions:

4.  $f(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2 - 12x + 20$
5.  $f(x) = x^3 - 3x + 2$
6.  $f(x) = 3x^3 + 22x^2 + 15x - 100$

### C. End Behavior of Polynomials – Section 2.3

Use the leading coefficient test to determine the end behavior of the following polynomial functions:

7.  $f(x) = -2x^3 + x - 2$
8.  $f(x) = -x^{10} - 3x^9 + x^2$
9.  $f(x) = 2x^3 + x - 2$

### D. Long or Synthetic Division – Section 2.4

Divide the following using long or synthetic division:

10.  $\frac{2x^4 - 6x^2 + 1}{x + 1}$
11.  $\frac{4x^2 - 8x + 1}{2x - 1}$
12.  $\frac{2x^3 - 7x^2 + 2x + 3}{x - 3}$

### E. Vertical Asymptotes – Section 2.6

Find the equation of the vertical asymptotes (if any) of the following functions:

13.  $f(x) = \frac{3x + 2}{x^2 - 1}$
14.  $f(x) = \frac{x + 4}{3x + 1}$
15.  $f(x) = \frac{x + 2}{x^2 - 4}$



**K. Exponential Equations – Section 3.4**

Solve the following for  $x$

29. a)  $2^{2x+17} = 8$                       b)  $10e^{3x-7} = 5$
30. a)  $e^{2x} + 2e^x - 35 = 0$               b)  $(7)^{2x} + 2(7)^x - 15 = 0$               c)  $2e^{2x} + 3e^x - 20 = 0$

**L. Domain of Logarithms function – Section 3.2**

Find the domain of the following function;

31. a)  $f(x) = \ln(6 - 2x)$   
b)  $f(x) = \log(4x + 16)$

**M. Logarithms Equations – Section 3.4**

32. a) Find the  $x$ -intercept of the following function:  $f(x) = 4 - 2\log_3(2x - 10)$   
b) Find the  $y$ -intercept of the following function:  $f(x) = \ln(2x + 3)$
33. Solve the following for  $x$ :  
a)  $\log_6(x) - \log_6(x - 5) = 2$   
b)  $\ln(x) + \ln(2x + 1) = 0$

**N. More with polynomials and zeros – Section 2.5**

34. Identify the zeros and the multiplicities of each zero for  $f(x) = -2x^4(x + 3)^2(x - 7)^8$ .
35. Construct a degree 4 polynomial with real coefficients with zeros at  $3i$  (multiplicity 1),  $-4$  (multiplicity 2) and with leading coefficient of 1.
36. Construct a degree 3 polynomial with real coefficients, with zeros at  $2 + 3i$  (multiplicity 1),  $5$  (multiplicity 1), and with leading coefficient of 1.
37. Find all possible rational zeros from the conclusion of the Rational Root Theorem for the polynomial  $f(x) = 2x^4 - x^3 + 2x + 21$

**O. More with rational functions – Section 2.6**

38. Construct a rational function with the following characteristics:  
i.  $x$ -intercepts at  $(2,0)$  and  $(7,0)$   
ii. vertical asymptotes at  $x = 4$  and  $x = -5$   
iii. horizontal asymptote at  $y = 9$