

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS, SIGNS, ETC.

Some abbreviations listed here in italics are also in certain cases printed in roman type, and vice versa.

a. (in Etym.)	adoption of, adopted from	<i>Bull.</i>	(in titles) <i>Bulletin</i>	<i>Dict.</i>	Dictionary; <i>spec.</i> , the
a. (as a 1850)	<i>ante</i> , 'before', 'not later than'	c. (as c 1700)	<i>circa</i> , 'about'	dim.	<i>Oxford English Dictionary</i>
abbrev.	adjective	c. (as 19th c.)	century	<i>Dis.</i>	diminutive
abl.	abbreviation (of)	<i>Cal.</i>	(in titles) <i>Calendar</i>	<i>Diss.</i>	(in titles) <i>Disease</i>
absol.	ablative	<i>Canabr.</i>	(in titles) <i>Cambridge</i>	D.O.S.T.	(in titles) <i>Dissertation</i>
<i>Abstr.</i>	absolute, -ly	<i>Canad.</i>	Canadian	Du.	<i>Dictionary of the Older</i>
acc.	(in titles) <i>Abstract</i> , -s	<i>Cat.</i>	Catalan		<i>Scottish Tongue</i>
acct.	accusative	<i>catachr.</i>	Catachrestically		Dutch
A.D.	(in titles) <i>Account</i>	<i>Catal.</i>	(in titles) <i>Catalogue</i>	E.	East
ad. (in Etym.)	<i>Anno Domini</i>	<i>Celt.</i>	Celtic	<i>Ecol.</i>	(as label) in Ecclesiastical
Add.	adaptation of	<i>Cent.</i>	(in titles) <i>Century</i> , <i>Central</i>	<i>Econ.</i>	usage;
adj.	Addenda	<i>Cent. Dict.</i>	<i>Century Dictionary</i>	ed.	(in titles) <i>Ecclesiastical</i>
<i>Adv.</i>	adjective	<i>Cf.</i> , <i>cf.</i>	<i>confer</i> , 'compare'	E.D.D.	in Ecology
<i>adv.</i>	(in titles) <i>Advance</i> , -d, -s	<i>Ch.</i>	Church	<i>Edin.</i>	(as label) in Economics;
advb.	adverbial, -ly	<i>Chem.</i>	(as label) in Chemistry;	<i>Educ.</i>	(in titles) <i>Economy</i> , -ics
Advt.	advertisement	<i>Chr.</i>	(in titles) <i>Chemistry</i> , -ical		edition
<i>Aeronaut.</i>	(as label) in Aeronautics;	<i>Chron.</i>	(in titles) <i>Christian</i>		<i>English Dialect Dictionary</i>
	(in titles) <i>Aeronautic</i> , -al, -s	<i>Chronol.</i>	(in titles) <i>Chronicle</i>		(in titles) <i>Edinburgh</i>
AF., Afr.	Anglo-French	<i>Cinemat.</i>	(in titles) <i>Chronology</i> , -ical	EE.	(as label) in Education;
Afr.	Africa, -n	<i>Cinematogr.</i>	in Cinematography	<i>e.g.</i>	(in titles) <i>Education</i> , -al
<i>Agric.</i>	(as label) in Agriculture;	<i>Clin.</i>	(in titles) <i>Clinical</i>	<i>Electr.</i>	Early English
	(in titles) <i>Agriculture</i> , -al	<i>cl. L.</i>	classical Latin	<i>Electron.</i>	<i>exempli gratia</i> , 'for example'
Alb.	Albanian	<i>cogn. w.</i>	cognate with	<i>Elem.</i>	(as label) in Electricity;
<i>Amer.</i>	American	<i>Col.</i>	(in titles) <i>Colonel</i> , <i>Colony</i>	<i>ellipt.</i>	(in titles) <i>Electricity</i> , -ical
<i>Amer. Ind.</i>	American Indian	<i>Coll.</i>	(in titles) <i>Collection</i>	<i>Embryol.</i>	(in titles) <i>Electric</i> , -s
<i>Anat.</i>	(as label) in Anatomy;	<i>collect.</i>	collective, -ly	<i>e.midl.</i>	(in titles) <i>Element</i> , -ary
	(in titles) <i>Anatomy</i> , -ical	<i>collog.</i>	colloquial, -ly	<i>Encycl.</i>	elliptical, -ly
<i>Anc.</i>	(in titles) <i>Ancient</i>	<i>comb.</i>	combined, -ing	<i>Eng.</i>	in Embryology
Anglo-Ind.	Anglo-Indian	<i>Comb.</i>	Combinations	<i>Engin.</i>	east midland (dialect)
Anglo-Ir.	Anglo-Irish	<i>Comm.</i>	in Commercial usage	<i>Ent.</i>	(in titles) <i>Encyclopaedia</i> , -ic
Ann.	Annals	<i>Communic.</i>	in Communications	<i>Entomol.</i>	England, English
<i>Anthrop.</i>	(as label) in Anthropology;	<i>comp.</i>	compound, composition		in Engineering
<i>Anthropol.</i>	(in titles) <i>Anthropology</i> , -ical	<i>Compan.</i>	(in titles) <i>Companion</i>		in Entomology
<i>Antiq.</i>	(as label) in Antiquities;	<i>compar.</i>	comparative		(in titles) <i>Entomology</i> ,
	(in titles) <i>Antiquity</i>	<i>compl.</i>	complement		-logical
aphet.	aphetic, aphetized	<i>Conc.</i>	(in titles) <i>Complete</i>	erron.	erroneous, -ly
app.	apparently	<i>Conch.</i>	(in titles) <i>Concise</i>	<i>esp.</i>	especially
<i>Appl.</i>	(in titles) <i>Applied</i>	<i>concr.</i>	in Conchology	<i>Ess.</i>	(in titles) <i>Essay</i> , -s
<i>Applic.</i>	(in titles) <i>Application</i> , -s	<i>Conf.</i>	concrete, -ly	<i>et al.</i>	et alii, 'and others'
appos.	appositive, -ly	<i>Congr.</i>	(in titles) <i>Conference</i>	<i>etc.</i>	et cetera
Arab.	Arabic	<i>conj.</i>	(in titles) <i>Congress</i>	<i>Ethnol.</i>	in Ethnology
Aram.	Aramaic	<i>cons.</i>	consonant	<i>etym.</i>	etymology
<i>Arch.</i>	in Architecture	<i>const.</i>	construction, construed with	<i>euphem.</i>	euphemistically
<i>arch.</i>	archaic	<i>contr.</i>	(in titles) <i>Contribution</i>	<i>Exam.</i>	(in titles) <i>Examination</i>
<i>Archaeol.</i>	in Archaeology	<i>Contrib.</i>	(in titles) <i>Correspondence</i>	<i>exc.</i>	except
<i>Archit.</i>	(as label) in Architecture;	<i>Corr.</i>	corresponding (to)	<i>Exerc.</i>	(in titles) <i>Exercise</i> , -s
	(in titles) <i>Architecture</i> , -al	<i>Cotgr.</i>	R. Cotgrave, <i>Dictionary of</i>	<i>Exper.</i>	(in titles) <i>Experiment</i> , -al
Arm.	Armenian		<i>the French and English</i>	<i>Explor.</i>	(in titles) <i>Exploration</i> , -s
assoc.	association		<i>Tongues</i>	f.	feminine
<i>Astr.</i>	in Astronomy	cpd.	compound	f. (in Etym.)	formed on
<i>Astrol.</i>	in Astrology	<i>Crit.</i>	(in titles) <i>Criticism</i> , <i>Critical</i>	f. (in subordinate	
<i>Astron.</i>	(in titles) <i>Astronomy</i> , -ical	<i>Cryst.</i>	in Crystallography	entries)	form of
<i>Astronaut.</i>	(in titles) <i>Astronautic</i> , -s	<i>Cycl.</i>	(in titles) <i>Cyclopaedia</i> , -ic	F.	French
attrib.	attributive, -ly	<i>Cytol.</i>	(in titles) <i>Cytology</i> , -ical	<i>fem. (rarely f.)</i>	feminine
<i>Austral.</i>	Australian			<i>fig.</i>	figurative, -ly
<i>Autobiogr.</i>	(in titles) <i>Autobiography</i> ,			Finn.	Finnish
	-ical			f.	<i>flourish</i> , 'flourished'
A.V.	Authorized Version			<i>Found.</i>	(in titles) <i>Foundation</i> , -s
B.C.	Before Christ	Da.	Danish	Fr.	French
B.C.	(in titles) <i>British Columbia</i>	D.A.	<i>Dictionary of Americanisms</i>	<i>freq.</i>	frequent, -ly
bef.	before	D.A.E.	<i>Dictionary of American</i>	<i>Fris.</i>	Frisian
<i>Bibliogr.</i>	(as label) in Bibliography;		<i>English</i>	<i>Fund.</i>	(in titles) <i>Fundamental</i> , -s
	(in titles) <i>Bibliography</i> , -ical	dat.	date	<i>Funk or</i>	<i>Funk and Wagnalls</i>
<i>Biochem.</i>	(as label) in Biochemistry;	D.C.	District of Columbia	<i>Funk's Stand.</i>	<i>Standard Dictionary</i>
	(in titles) <i>Biochemistry</i> , -ical	<i>Deb.</i>	(in titles) <i>Debate</i> , -s	<i>Dict.</i>	
<i>Biol.</i>	(as label) in Biology;	def.	definite, -ition	G.	German
	(in titles) <i>Biology</i> , -ical	dem.	demonstrative	<i>Gael.</i>	Gaelic
<i>Bk.</i>	<i>Book</i>	deriv.	derivative, -ation	<i>Gar.</i>	(in titles) <i>Gazette</i>
<i>Bot.</i>	(as label) in Botany;	derog.	derogatory	<i>gen.</i>	genitive
	(in titles) <i>Botany</i> , -ical	<i>Descr.</i>	(in titles) <i>Description</i> , -tive	<i>gen.</i>	general, -ly
Bp.	Bishop	<i>Devcl.</i>	(in titles) <i>Development</i> , -al	<i>Geogr.</i>	(as label) in Geography;
<i>Brit.</i>	(in titles) <i>Britain</i> , <i>British</i>	<i>Diagn.</i>	(in titles) <i>Diagnosis</i> ,		(in titles) <i>Geography</i> , -ical
<i>Bulg.</i>	Bulgarian	<i>dial.</i>	<i>Diagnostic</i>		
			dialect, -al		

<i>Geol.</i>	(as label) in Geology; (in titles) <i>Geology, -ical</i> in Geometry	<i>masc. (rarely m.)</i> <i>Math.</i>	masculine (as label) in Mathematics; (in titles) <i>Mathematics, -al</i>	<i>Palaeont.</i>	(as label) in Palaeontology; (in titles) <i>Palaeontology, -ical</i>
<i>Geom.</i>	in Geomorphology	<i>MDu.</i>	Middle Dutch	<i>pa. pple.</i>	passive participle, past participle
<i>Geomorphol.</i>	German	<i>Mech.</i>	Middle English (as label) in Mechanics; (in titles) <i>Mechanics, -al</i>	(Partridge),	(quoted from) E. Partridge's <i>Dictionary of Slang and Unconventional English</i>
<i>Ger.</i>	Glossary	<i>Med.</i>	(as label) in Medicine; (in titles) <i>Medicine, -ical</i>	<i>pass.</i>	passive, -ly
<i>Gloss.</i>	Germanic	<i>med.L.</i>	medieval Latin	<i>pa.t.</i>	past tense
<i>Gmc.</i>	F. Godefroy, <i>Dictionnaire de l'ancienne langue française</i>	<i>Mem.</i>	(in titles) <i>Memoir, -s</i>	<i>Path.</i>	(as label) in Pathology; (in titles) <i>Pathology, -ical</i>
<i>Godef.</i>	Gothic	<i>Metaph.</i>	in Metaphysics	<i>perh.</i>	perhaps
<i>Goth.</i>	(in titles) <i>Government</i>	<i>Meteorol.</i>	(as label) in Meteorology; (in titles) <i>Meteorology, -ical</i>	<i>Pers.</i>	Persian
<i>Govt.</i>	Greek	<i>MHG.</i>	Middle High German	<i>pers.</i>	person, -al
<i>Gr.</i>	(as label) in Grammar; (in titles) <i>Grammar, -tical</i>	<i>midl.</i>	midland (dialect)	<i>Petrogr.</i>	in Petrography
<i>Gram.</i>	Hebrew	<i>Mil.</i>	in military usage	<i>Petrol.</i>	(as label) in Petrology; (in titles) <i>Petrology, -ical</i>
<i>Gt.</i>	in Heraldry	<i>Min.</i>	(as label) in Mineralogy; (in titles) <i>Ministry</i>	(Pettman),	(quoted from) C. Pettman's <i>Africanderisms</i>
<i>Heb.</i>	among herbalists	<i>Mineral.</i>	(in titles) <i>Mineralogy, -ical</i>	<i>pf.</i>	perfect
<i>Her.</i>	Hindustani	<i>MLG.</i>	Middle Low German	<i>Pg.</i>	Portuguese
<i>Herb.</i>	(as label) in History; (in titles) <i>History, -ical</i>	<i>Misc.</i>	(in titles) <i>Miscellany, -eous</i>	<i>Pharm.</i>	in Pharmacology
<i>Hind.</i>	historical	<i>mod.</i>	modern	<i>Philol.</i>	(as label) in Philology; (in titles) <i>Philology, -ical</i>
<i>Hist.</i>	(in titles) <i>Histology, -ical</i>	<i>mod.L.</i>	modern Latin (quoted from) E. E. Morris's <i>Austral English</i>	<i>Philos.</i>	(as label) in Philosophy; (in titles) <i>Philosophy, -ic</i>
<i>hist.</i>	(in titles) <i>Histology, -ical</i>	(Morris),	(as label) in Music; (in titles) <i>Music, -al;</i> <i>Museum</i>	<i>phonet.</i>	phonetic, -ally
<i>Histol.</i>	(in titles) <i>Histology, -ical</i>	<i>Mus.</i>	(in titles) <i>Myntery</i>	<i>Photogr.</i>	(as label) in Photography; (in titles) <i>Photography, -ical</i>
<i>Hort.</i>	(in titles) <i>Household</i>	<i>Myst.</i>	in Mythology	<i>phr.</i>	phrase
<i>Househ.</i>	(in titles) <i>Housekeeping</i>	<i>Mythol.</i>		<i>Phys.</i>	physical; (rarely) in Physiology
<i>Housek.</i>		<i>N.</i>	North	<i>Physiol.</i>	(as label) in Physiology; (in titles) <i>Physiology, -ical</i>
<i>Ibid.</i>	<i>Ibidem</i> , 'in the same book or passage'	<i>n.</i>	neuter	<i>Pict.</i>	(in titles) <i>Picture, Pictorial</i>
<i>Icel.</i>	Icelandic	<i>N. Amer.</i>	North America, -n	<i>pl., plur.</i>	plural
<i>Ichthyol.</i>	in Ichthyology	<i>N. & Q.</i>	<i>Notes and Queries</i>	<i>poet.</i>	poetic, -al
<i>id.</i>	<i>idem</i> , 'the same'	<i>Narr.</i>	(in titles) <i>Narrative</i>	<i>Pol.</i>	Polish
<i>id est, 'that is'</i>		<i>Nat.</i>	(in titles) <i>Natural</i>	<i>Pol. Econ.</i>	(as label) in Politics; (in titles) <i>Politics, -al</i>
<i>IE.</i>	Indo-European	<i>Nat. Hist.</i>	in Natural History	<i>Politi.</i>	in Political Economy
<i>Illustr.</i>	(in titles) <i>Illustration, -ted</i>	<i>Naut.</i>	in nautical language	<i>pop.</i>	(in titles) <i>Politics, -al</i>
<i>imit.</i>	imitative	<i>N.E.</i>	North East	<i>porc.</i>	popular, -ly
<i>Immunol.</i>	in Immunology	<i>N.E.D.</i>	<i>New English Dictionary</i> , original title of the <i>Oxford English Dictionary</i> (first edition)	<i>poss.</i>	(in titles) <i>Porcelain</i>
<i>imp.</i>	imperative	<i>Neurol.</i>	in Neurology	<i>Pott.</i>	possessive
<i>impers.</i>	impersonal	<i>neut. (rarely n.)</i>	neuter	<i>ppl. a., pple. adj.</i>	(in titles) <i>Pottery</i>
<i>impf.</i>	imperfect	<i>NF., NFr.</i>	Northern French	<i>pple.</i>	participial adjective
<i>ind.</i>	indicative	<i>No.</i>	Number	<i>pr.</i>	participle
<i>indef.</i>	indefinite	<i>nom.</i>	nominate	<i>Pract.</i>	Provençal
<i>Industr.</i>	(in titles) <i>Industry, -ial</i>	<i>north.</i>	northern (dialect)	<i>prec.</i>	present
<i>inf.</i>	infinitive	<i>north.</i>	Norwegian	<i>pred.</i>	(in titles) <i>Practice, -al</i>
<i>infl.</i>	influenced	<i>Norw.</i>	no quotations	<i>pref.</i>	preceding (word or article)
<i>Inorg.</i>	(in titles) <i>Inorganic</i>	<i>n.q.</i>	New Testament	<i>pref.</i>	prefix
<i>Ins.</i>	(in titles) <i>Insurance</i>	<i>N.T.</i>	Nuclear	<i>pref., Pref.</i>	preface
<i>Inst.</i>	(in titles) <i>Institute, -tion</i>	<i>Nucl.</i>	in Numismatics	<i>prep.</i>	preposition
<i>int.</i>	interjection	<i>Numism.</i>	North West	<i>pres.</i>	present
<i>intr.</i>	intransitive	<i>N.W.</i>	North West	<i>Princ.</i>	(in titles) <i>Principle, -s</i>
<i>Introd.</i>	(in titles) <i>Introduction</i>	<i>N.Z.</i>	New Zealand	<i>priv.</i>	privative
<i>Ir.</i>	Irish	<i>obj.</i>	object	<i>prob.</i>	probably
<i>irreg.</i>	irregular, -ly	<i>obl.</i>	oblique	<i>Probl.</i>	(in titles) <i>Problem</i>
<i>It.</i>	Italian	<i>Obs., obs.</i>	obsolete	<i>Proc.</i>	(in titles) <i>Proceedings</i>
<i>J., (J.)</i>	(quoted from) Johnson's <i>Dictionary</i>	<i>Obstetr.</i>	(in titles) <i>Obstetrics</i>	<i>pron.</i>	pronoun
<i>(Jam.)</i>	Jamieson, <i>Scottish Dict.</i>	<i>occas.</i>	occasionally	<i>pronunc.</i>	pronunciation
<i>Jap.</i>	Japanese	<i>OE.</i>	Old English (= Anglo-Saxon)	<i>prop.</i>	properly
<i>joc.</i>	jocular, -ly	<i>OF., OFr.</i>	Old French	<i>Pros.</i>	in Prosody
<i>Journal.</i>	(in titles) <i>Journal</i>	<i>OFris.</i>	Old Frisian	<i>Prov.</i>	Provençal
<i>Jun.</i>	(in titles) <i>Junior</i>	<i>OHG.</i>	Old High German	<i>pr. pple.</i>	present participle
<i>Knowl.</i>	(in titles) <i>Knowledge</i>	<i>OIr.</i>	Old Irish	<i>Psych.</i>	in Psychology
<i>l.</i>	line	<i>ON.</i>	Old Norse	<i>Psychol.</i>	(as label) in Psychology; (in titles) <i>Psychology, -ical</i>
<i>L.</i>	Latin	<i>ONF.</i>	Old Northern French	<i>Publ.</i>	(in titles) <i>Publications</i>
<i>lang.</i>	language	<i>Ophthalm.</i>	in Ophthalmology	<i>Q.</i>	(in titles) <i>Quarterly</i>
<i>Lect.</i>	(in titles) <i>Lecture, -s</i>	<i>opp.</i>	opposed (to), the opposite (of)	<i>quot(s).</i>	quotation(s)
<i>Less.</i>	(in titles) <i>Lesson, -s</i>	<i>Opt.</i>	in Optics	<i>q.v.</i>	<i>quod vide</i> , 'which see'
<i>Let., Lett.</i>	letter, letters	<i>Ovg.</i>	(in titles) <i>Organic</i>	<i>R.</i>	(in titles) <i>Royal</i>
<i>LG.</i>	Low German	<i>orig.</i>	origin, -al, -ally	<i>Radiol.</i>	in Radiology
<i>lit.</i>	literal, -ly	<i>Ornith.</i>	(as label) in Ornithology; (in titles) <i>Ornithology, -ical</i>	<i>R.C.Ch.</i>	Roman Catholic Church
<i>Lit.</i>	Literary	<i>OS.</i>	Old Saxon	<i>Rec.</i>	(in titles) <i>Record</i>
<i>Lith.</i>	Lithuanian	<i>OSI.</i>	Old (Church) Slavonic	<i>redupl.</i>	reduplicating
<i>LXX</i>	Septuagint	<i>O.T.</i>	Old Testament	<i>Ref.</i>	(in titles) <i>Reference</i>
<i>m.</i>	masculine	<i>Outl.</i>	(in titles) <i>Outline</i>	<i>refash.</i>	refashioned, -ing
<i>Mag.</i>	(in titles) <i>Magazine</i>	<i>Oxf.</i>	(in titles) <i>Oxford</i>	<i>refl.</i>	reflexive
<i>Magn.</i>	(in titles) <i>Magnetic, -ism</i>	<i>p.</i>	page	<i>Reg.</i>	(in titles) <i>Register</i>
<i>Mal.</i>	Malay, Malayan	<i>Palaeogr.</i>	in Palaeography		
<i>Man.</i>	(in titles) <i>Manual</i>				
<i>Managem.</i>	(in titles) <i>Management</i>				
<i>Manch.</i>	(in titles) <i>Manchester</i>				
<i>Manuf.</i>	in Manufacture, -ing				
<i>Mar.</i>	(in titles) <i>Marine</i>				

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reg.	regular	str.	strong	Trop.	(in titles) <i>Tropical</i>
rel.	related to	Struct.	(in titles) <i>Structure, -al</i>	Turk.	Turkish
Reminisc.	(in titles) <i>Reminiscence, -s</i>	Stud.	(in titles) <i>Studies</i>	Typogr., Typogr.	in <i>Typography</i>
Rep.	(in titles) <i>Report, -s</i>	subj.	subject	ult.	ultimately
repr.	representative, representing	subord. cl.	subordinate clause	Univ.	(in titles) <i>University</i>
Res.	(in titles) <i>Research</i>	subseq.	subsequent, -ly	unkn.	unknown
Rev.	(in titles) <i>Review</i>	subst.	substantively	U.S.	United States
rev.	revised	suff.	suffix	U.S.S.R.	Union of Soviet Socialist Republics
Rhet.	in Rhetoric	superl.	superlative	usu.	usually
Rom.	Roman, -ce, -ic	Suppl.	Supplement	v., vb.	verb
Rum.	Rumanian	Surg.	(as label) in <i>Surgery</i> ;	var(t), vars.	variant(s) of
Russ.	Russian		(in titles) <i>Surgery, Surgical</i>	vbl. sb.	verbal substantive
S.	South	s.v.	<i>sub voce</i> , 'under the word'	Vertebr.	(in titles) <i>Vertebrate, -s</i>
S. Afr.	South Africa, -n	Sw.	Swedish	Vet.	(as label) in <i>Veterinary Science</i> ;
sb.	substantive	s.w.	south-western (dialect)	Vet. Sci.	(in titles) <i>Veterinary</i>
sc.	<i>scilicet</i> , 'understand' or 'supply'	Syd. Soc. Lex.	Sydenham Society, <i>Lexicon of Medicine & Allied Sciences</i>	viz.	in <i>Veterinary Science</i>
Sc., Scot.	Scottish	syll.	syllable	Voy.	<i>videlicet</i> , 'namely'
Scand.	(in titles) <i>Scandinavia, -n</i>	Syr.	Syrian	v.str.	(in titles) <i>Voyage, -s</i>
Sch.	(in titles) <i>School</i>	Syst.	(in titles) <i>System, -atic</i>	vulg.	strong verb
Sc. Nat. Dict.	<i>Scottish National Dictionary</i>	Taxon.	(in titles) <i>Taxonomy, -ical</i>	v.v.	vulgar
Scotl.	(in titles) <i>Scotland</i>	techn.	technical, -ly	W.	weak verb
Sel.	(in titles) <i>Selection, -s</i>	Technol.	(in titles) <i>Technology, -ical</i>	wd.	Welsh; West word
Ser.	Series	Telegr.	in <i>Telegraphy</i>	Webster	<i>Webster's (New International) Dictionary</i>
sing.	singular	Teleph.	in <i>Telephony</i>	Westm.	(in titles) <i>Westminster</i>
Sk.	(in titles) <i>Sketch</i>	(Th.),	(quoted from) <i>Thornton's American Glossary</i>	WGmc.	West Germanic
Skr.	Sanskrit	Theatr.	in the Theatre, theatrical	Wks.	(in titles) <i>Works</i>
Slav.	Slavonic	Theol.	(as label) in <i>Theology</i> ;	w.midl.	west midland (dialect)
S.N.D.	<i>Scottish National Dictionary</i>	Theoret.	(in titles) <i>Theology, -ical</i>	WS.	West Saxon
Soc.	(in titles) <i>Society</i>	Tokh.	(in titles) <i>Theoretical</i>	(Y.).	(quoted from) <i>Yule & Burnell's Hobson-Jobson</i>
Sociol.	(as label) in <i>Sociology</i> ;	tr., transl.	Tokharian	Yrs.	(in titles) <i>Years</i>
	(in titles) <i>Sociology, -ical</i>	Trans.	translated, translation	Zoogeogr.	in <i>Zoogeography</i>
Sp.	Spanish	trans.	(in titles) <i>Transactions</i>	Zool.	(as label) in <i>Zoology</i> ;
Sp.	(in titles) <i>Speech, -es</i>	transf.	transitive		(in titles) <i>Zoology, -ical</i>
sp.	spelling	Trav.	transferred sense		
spec.	specifically	Treat.	(in titles) <i>Travel(s)</i>		
Spec.	(in titles) <i>Specimen</i>	Treat.	(in titles) <i>Treasure</i>		
St.	Saint	Treat.	(in titles) <i>Treatise</i>		
Stand.	(in titles) <i>Standard</i>	Treatm.	(in titles) <i>Treatment</i>		
Stanf.	(quoted from) <i>Stanford Dictionary of Anglicised Words & Phrases</i>	Trig.	(in titles) <i>Treatment</i>		
			in <i>Trigonometry</i>		

Signs and Other Conventions

Before a word or sense

- † = obsolete
- || = not naturalized, alien
- ¶ = catachrestic and erroneous uses

In the listing of Forms

- 1 = before 1100
- 2 = 12th c. (1100 to 1200)
- 3 = 13th c. (1200 to 1300), etc.
- 5-7 = 15th to 17th century
- 20 = 20th century

In the etymologies

- * indicates a word or form not actually found, but of which the existence is inferred
- :- = normal development of

The printing of a word in SMALL CAPITALS indicates that further information will be found under the word so referred to.

.. indicates an omitted part of a quotation.

- (in a quotation) indicates a hyphen doubtfully present in the original; (in other text) indicates a hyphen inserted only for the sake of a line-break.

PROPRIETARY NAMES

THIS Dictionary includes some words which are or are asserted to be proprietary names or trade marks. Their inclusion does not imply that they have acquired for legal purposes a non-proprietary or general significance nor any other judgement concerning their legal status. In cases where the editorial staff have established in the records of the Patent Offices of the United Kingdom and of the United States that a word is registered as a proprietary name or trade mark this is indicated, but no judgement concerning the legal status of such words is made or implied thereby.

KEY TO THE PRONUNCIATION

THE pronunciations given are those in use in the educated speech of southern England (the so-called 'Received Standard'), and the keywords given are to be understood as pronounced in such speech.

I. Consonants

b, d, f, k, l, m, n, p, t, v, z have their usual English values

g as in <i>go</i> (gəʊ)	θ as in <i>thin</i> (θɪn), <i>bath</i> (bɑ:θ)	(FOREIGN AND NON-SOUTHERN)
h ... <i>ho!</i> (həʊ)	ð ... <i>then</i> (ðɛn), <i>bathe</i> (beɪð)	ʎ as in It. <i>serraglio</i> (ser'raʎo)
r ... <i>run</i> (rʌn), <i>terrier</i> ('tɛrɪə(r))	ʃ ... <i>shop</i> (ʃɒp), <i>dish</i> (dɪʃ)	ɲ ... Fr. <i>cognac</i> (kɔɲak)
(r) ... <i>her</i> (hɜ:(r))	tʃ ... <i>chop</i> (tʃɒp), <i>ditch</i> (dɪtʃ)	x ... Ger. <i>ach</i> (ax), Sc. <i>loch</i> (lɒx), Sp. <i>frijoles</i> (fri'xoles)
s ... <i>see</i> (si:), <i>success</i> (sək'ses)	ʒ ... <i>vision</i> ('vɪʒən), <i>déjeuner</i> (deʒəne)	ç ... Ger. <i>ich</i> (ɪç), Sc. <i>nicht</i> (nɪçt)
w ... <i>wear</i> (weə(r))	dʒ ... <i>judge</i> (dʒʌdʒ)	ʏ ... North Ger. <i>sagen</i> ('zayən)
hw... <i>when</i> (hwen)	ŋ ... <i>singing</i> ('sɪŋɪŋ), <i>think</i> (θɪŋk)	c ... Afrikaans <i>baardmannetjie</i> ('ba:rtmanəci)
j ... <i>yes</i> (jes)	ŋg ... <i>finger</i> ('fɪŋgə(r))	q ... Fr. <i>cuisine</i> (kɥizɪn)

Symbols in parentheses are used to denote elements that may be omitted either by individual speakers or in particular phonetic contexts: e.g. *bottle* ('bɒt(ə)l), *Mercian* ('mɜ:(r)ʃɪən), *suit* (s(j)u:t), *impromptu* (ɪm'prɒm(p)tju:), *father* ('fɑ:(ðə(r)).

II. Vowels and Diphthongs

SHORT

ɪ as in <i>pit</i> (pɪt), <i>-ness</i> , (<i>-nis</i>)
ɛ ... <i>pet</i> (pet), Fr. <i>sept</i> (set)
æ ... <i>pat</i> (pæt)
ʌ ... <i>putt</i> (pat)
ɒ ... <i>pot</i> (pɒt)
ʊ ... <i>put</i> (put)
ə ... <i>another</i> (ə'nʌðə(r))
(ə) ... <i>beaten</i> ('bi:t(ə)n)
i ... Fr. <i>si</i> (si)
e ... Fr. <i>bébé</i> (bebe)
a ... Fr. <i>mari</i> (mari)
ɑ ... Fr. <i>bâtiment</i> (batimɑ̃)
ɔ ... Fr. <i>homme</i> (ɔm)
o ... Fr. <i>eau</i> (o)
ø ... Fr. <i>peu</i> (pø)
œ ... Fr. <i>boeuf</i> (bœf) <i>coeur</i> (kœr)
u ... Fr. <i>douce</i> (dus)
ʏ ... Ger. <i>Müller</i> ('mʏlɐr)
y ... Fr. <i>du</i> (dy)

LONG

i: as in <i>bean</i> (bi:n)
ɑ: ... <i>barn</i> (bɑ:n)
ɔ: ... <i>born</i> (bɔ:n)
u: ... <i>boon</i> (bu:n)
ɜ: ... <i>burn</i> (bɜ:n)
e: ... Ger. <i>Schnee</i> (ʃne:)
ɛ: ... Ger. <i>Fähre</i> ('fɛ:rə)
a: ... Ger. <i>Tag</i> (tak)
o: ... Ger. <i>Sohn</i> (zɔ:n)
ø: ... Ger. <i>Goethe</i> ('gø:te)
ʏ: ... Ger. <i>grün</i> (gry:n)

NASAL

ē, æ as in Fr. <i>fin</i> (fē, fæ)
ā ... Fr. <i>franc</i> (frā)
ō ... Fr. <i>bon</i> (bō)
œ ... Fr. <i>un</i> (œ)

DIPHTHONGS, etc.

eɪ as in <i>bay</i> (beɪ)
aɪ ... <i>buy</i> (baɪ)
ɔɪ ... <i>boy</i> (bɔɪ)
əʊ ... <i>no</i> (nəʊ)
aʊ ... <i>now</i> (naʊ)
ɪə ... <i>peer</i> (pɪə(r))
ɛə ... <i>pair</i> (peə(r))
ʊə ... <i>tour</i> (tuə(r))
ɔə ... <i>boar</i> (bɔə(r))
aɪə as in <i>fiery</i> ('faɪəri)
aʊə ... <i>sour</i> (sauə(r))

The incidence of main stress is shown by a superior stress mark (ˈ) preceding the stressed syllable, and a secondary stress by an inferior stress mark (ˌ), e.g. *pronunciation* (prɒˌnʌnsɪˈeɪʃ(ə)n).

For further explanation of the transcription used, see *General Explanations*, Volume I.