## MAE384 Fall 2012 Homework #4

## In all problems, the argument of a sinusoidal function is always in radian.

1. Evaluate the first derivative of the function,  $f(x) = cos(x^3)$ , for the interval  $0 \le x \le 3$ . First, find f'(x) analytically to prepare for later discussions.

(a) Evaluate f'(x) at the discrete points of x = 0, 0.1, 0.2, ..., 2.9, 3.0 by setting h = 0.1 and using the following two formulas: (i) The 2-point forward difference scheme (1st formula in Table 6-1 in p. 259), and (ii) The 3-point forward difference scheme (2nd formula in Table 6-1 in p. 259). Plot the numerical results and analytic solution (total of 3 curves) in a single figure.

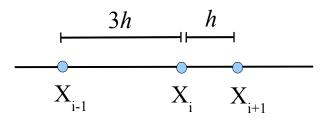
(b) Repeat (a) but now set h = 0.01 and evaluate f'(x) at x = 0, 0.01, 0.02, ..., 2.99, 3.0.

(c) Discuss the results in (a) and (b). [4 points]

**2**. Consider the non-uniform grid (shown in the diagram below) with  $x_i - x_{i-1} = 3h$  and  $x_{i+1} - x_i = h$ . Derive a 3-point finite difference formula for the <u>first derivative</u> of f(x) at  $x = x_i$  that has a truncation error of  $O(h^2)$ . Your formula should have the form:

$$f'(x_i) = A f(x_{i-1}) + B f(x_i) + C f(x_{i+1}) + O(h^2)$$
.

Please clearly describe what your A, B, and C are in the final answer. [2 points]



**3**. All of the formula in Table 6-1 have a truncation error of O(h),  $O(h^2)$ , or  $O(h^4)$ . Try to derive a fivepoint finite difference formula for the <u>second derivative</u> of f(x) at  $x = x_i$  that has a truncation error of  $O(h^3)$ . Moreover, the formula must have the following form:

$$f''(x_i) = A f(x_{i-1}) + B f(x_i) + C f(x_{i+1}) + D f(x_{i+2}) + E f(x_{i+3}) + O(h^3) .$$

In other words, the five points must include  $x_i$  itself, one point to its left, and three points to its right. The spacing between two adjacent grid points is h = constant. After solving the problem, clearly state what your *A*, *B*, *C*, *D*, and *E* are. [4 points]