

## MAE384 Spring 2022 Homework 1 Solution

The strategy for coding for Problem 1 and 2 will be discussed in class.

### Problem 1

The reference solution produced by instructor satisfies  $|\text{true error}| < 0.00001$ . As such, student's solution will be considered satisfactory if it is within  $\pm 0.00002$  of instructor's solution.

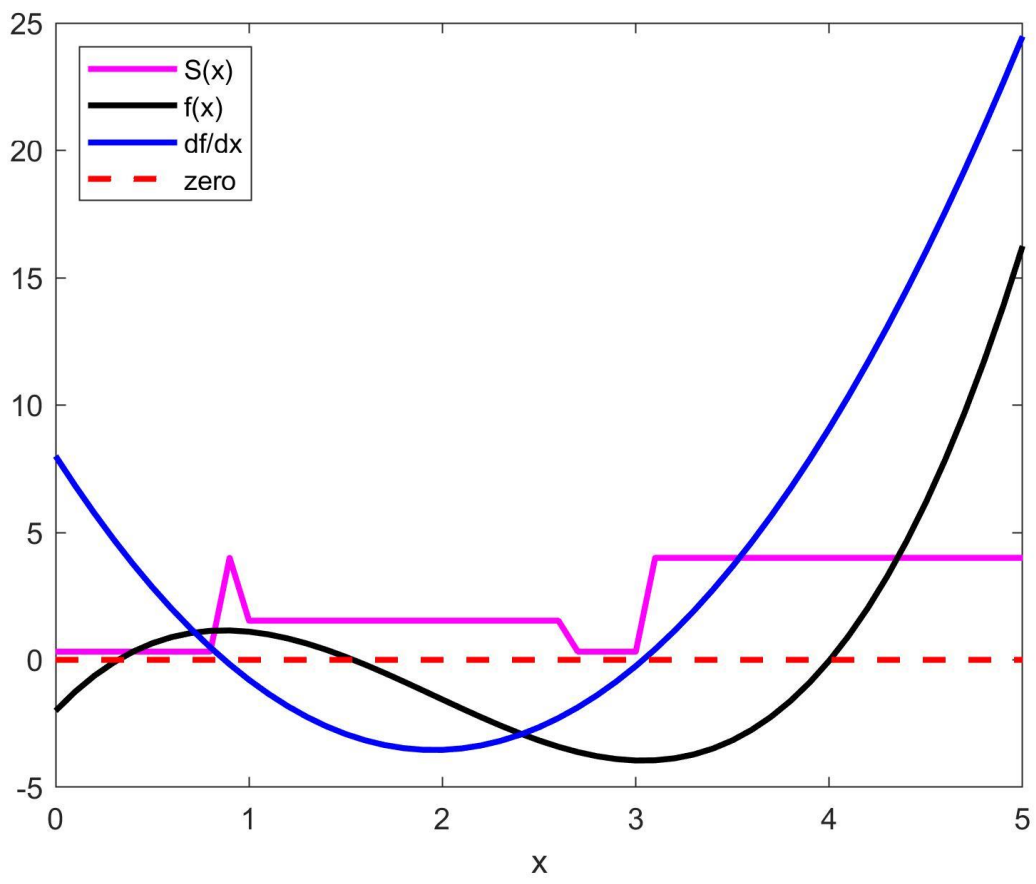
```
solution 1 = -7.2830898
solution 2 = -7.1245664
solution 3 = -6.1733398
solution 4 = -5.7421289
solution 5 = -4.9651602
solution 6 = -4.4490977
solution 7 = -3.7277773
solution 8 = -3.1809961
solution 9 = -2.4712852
solution 10 = -1.9388320
solution 11 = -0.5064492
solution 12 = -0.1986836
solution 13 = 0.1986836
solution 14 = 0.5064492
solution 15 = 1.9388320
solution 16 = 2.4712852
solution 17 = 3.1809961
solution 18 = 3.7277773
solution 19 = 4.4490977
solution 20 = 4.9651602
solution 21 = 5.7421289
solution 22 = 6.1733398
solution 23 = 7.1245664
solution 24 = 7.2830898
```

### Problem 2

```
x0 = 0.0 solution = 0.3224834372
x0 = 0.1 solution = 0.3224834372
x0 = 0.2 solution = 0.3224834372
x0 = 0.3 solution = 0.3224834372
x0 = 0.4 solution = 0.3224834372
x0 = 0.5 solution = 0.3224834372
x0 = 0.6 solution = 0.3224834372
```

x0 = 0.7	solution =	0.3224834372
x0 = 0.8	solution =	0.3224834372
x0 = 0.9	solution =	4.0035893010
x0 = 1.0	solution =	1.5396885941
x0 = 1.1	solution =	1.5396885941
x0 = 1.2	solution =	1.5396885941
x0 = 1.3	solution =	1.5396885941
x0 = 1.4	solution =	1.5396885941
x0 = 1.5	solution =	1.5396885941
x0 = 1.6	solution =	1.5396885941
x0 = 1.7	solution =	1.5396885941
x0 = 1.8	solution =	1.5396885941
x0 = 1.9	solution =	1.5396885941
x0 = 2.0	solution =	1.5396885941
x0 = 2.1	solution =	1.5396885941
x0 = 2.2	solution =	1.5396885941
x0 = 2.3	solution =	1.5396885941
x0 = 2.4	solution =	1.5396885941
x0 = 2.5	solution =	1.5396885941
x0 = 2.6	solution =	1.5396885941
x0 = 2.7	solution =	0.3224834372
x0 = 2.8	solution =	0.3224834372
x0 = 2.9	solution =	0.3224834372
x0 = 3.0	solution =	0.3224834372
x0 = 3.1	solution =	4.0035893010
x0 = 3.2	solution =	4.0035893010
x0 = 3.3	solution =	4.0035893010
x0 = 3.4	solution =	4.0035893010
x0 = 3.5	solution =	4.0035893010
x0 = 3.6	solution =	4.0035893010
x0 = 3.7	solution =	4.0035893010
x0 = 3.8	solution =	4.0035893010
x0 = 3.9	solution =	4.0035893010
x0 = 4.0	solution =	4.0035893010
x0 = 4.1	solution =	4.0035893010
x0 = 4.2	solution =	4.0035893010
x0 = 4.3	solution =	4.0035893010
x0 = 4.4	solution =	4.0035893010
x0 = 4.5	solution =	4.0035893010
x0 = 4.6	solution =	4.0035893010
x0 = 4.7	solution =	4.0035893010
x0 = 4.8	solution =	4.0035893010
x0 = 4.9	solution =	4.0035893010
x0 = 5.0	solution =	4.0035893010

Plot:



### Problem 3

There are many choices of  $g(x)$  that will work for each of (a) and (b). Examples:

(a) For  $x_0 = 1$ , choose  $g(x) \equiv \arcsin(\ln(\exp(x^2 - 2x + 1) + 1))$

```
xN = 1; N = 20;
for n = 1:N
    xNp1 = asin(log(exp((xN-1)^2)+1));
    xN = xNp1;
    fprintf('%3u --> sol = %13.10e %13.10e \n',n,real(xN),imag(xN))
end
```

```
1 --> sol = 7.6584619482e-01 0.0000000000e+00
2 --> sol = 8.0515331590e-01 0.0000000000e+00
3 --> sol = 7.9278390359e-01 0.0000000000e+00
4 --> sol = 7.9640511799e-01 0.0000000000e+00
5 --> sol = 7.9531959369e-01 0.0000000000e+00
6 --> sol = 7.9564278219e-01 0.0000000000e+00
7 --> sol = 7.9554636250e-01 0.0000000000e+00
8 --> sol = 7.9557511065e-01 0.0000000000e+00
9 --> sol = 7.9556653764e-01 0.0000000000e+00
10 --> sol = 7.9556909406e-01 0.0000000000e+00
11 --> sol = 7.9556833174e-01 0.0000000000e+00
12 --> sol = 7.9556855906e-01 0.0000000000e+00
13 --> sol = 7.9556849128e-01 0.0000000000e+00
14 --> sol = 7.9556851149e-01 0.0000000000e+00
15 --> sol = 7.9556850546e-01 0.0000000000e+00
16 --> sol = 7.9556850726e-01 0.0000000000e+00
17 --> sol = 7.9556850672e-01 0.0000000000e+00
18 --> sol = 7.9556850688e-01 0.0000000000e+00
19 --> sol = 7.9556850684e-01 0.0000000000e+00
20 --> sol = 7.9556850685e-01 0.0000000000e+00
```

(b) For  $x_0 = 2.5$ , choose  $g(x) \equiv x - 0.05 f(x)$  (where  $f(x) = 0$  is the original equation to solve).

```
xN = 1; N = 60;
for n = 1:N
    xNp1 = xN-0.05*(exp((xN-1)^2)+1-exp(sin(xN)));
    xN = xNp1;
    fprintf('%3u --> sol = %13.10e %13.10e \n',n,real(xN),imag(xN))
end
```

```
1 --> sol = 2.0665800577e+00 0.0000000000e+00
2 --> sol = 1.9811138026e+00 0.0000000000e+00
3 --> sol = 1.9252790409e+00 0.0000000000e+00
4 --> sol = 1.8852971882e+00 0.0000000000e+00
5 --> sol = 1.8552221386e+00 0.0000000000e+00
6 --> sol = 1.8318839443e+00 0.0000000000e+00
7 --> sol = 1.8133806237e+00 0.0000000000e+00
8 --> sol = 1.7984795396e+00 0.0000000000e+00
9 --> sol = 1.7863369695e+00 0.0000000000e+00
10 --> sol = 1.7763513143e+00 0.0000000000e+00
... skip some output ...
50 --> sol = 1.7232485283e+00 0.0000000000e+00
51 --> sol = 1.7232338218e+00 0.0000000000e+00
52 --> sol = 1.7232212100e+00 0.0000000000e+00
53 --> sol = 1.7232103943e+00 0.0000000000e+00
54 --> sol = 1.7232011190e+00 0.0000000000e+00
55 --> sol = 1.7231931645e+00 0.0000000000e+00
56 --> sol = 1.7231863429e+00 0.0000000000e+00
57 --> sol = 1.7231804926e+00 0.0000000000e+00
58 --> sol = 1.7231754754e+00 0.0000000000e+00
59 --> sol = 1.7231711727e+00 0.0000000000e+00
60 --> sol = 1.7231674827e+00 0.0000000000e+00
61 --> sol = 1.7231643181e+00 0.0000000000e+00
```