

(Supplementary material for HW4 Prob 3)

The following is the "observed" long-term mean of the vertical velocity in p-coordinate,  $\omega$ , at 500-mb level, over Africa. The map was produced by the online composite/analysis tool provided by Physical Science Division/NOAA Earth Systems Research Laboratory ([www.esrl.noaa.gov/psd](http://www.esrl.noaa.gov/psd)), using data from "NCEP Reanalysis" (detail available from the instructor). While vertical velocity is not routinely observed, the global 3-D field of  $\omega$  is routinely (at least twice daily) constructed from other observed fields (or produced by a numerical model) and archived. The map shown is the long-term mean of  $\omega$  over a 20 yr period (1990-2009), all seasons included. Note that the vertical "velocity" in p-coordinate,  $\omega$ , is related to the vertical velocity in z-coordinate,  $w$ , by

$$\omega \equiv \frac{dp}{dt} = \frac{dp}{dz} \frac{dz}{dt} \approx -\rho g w \quad ,$$

where  $w \equiv dz/dt$ . (We have invoked hydrostatic approximation, which is usually very accurate.) We can estimate  $w$  as  $w \approx -\omega/(\rho g)$ , where  $\rho \approx 0.7 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$  at 500 mb. Note that the unit of  $\omega$  in the map is  $\text{Pa s}^{-1}$ ; Positive value of  $\omega$  means *downward* motion.

