

MAE/MSE 502, Spring 2021, Homework #3 (12 points)

See Homework #1 for rules on collaboration.

Problem 1 (3 points)

For $u(x, t)$ defined on the domain of $0 \leq x \leq 1$ and $t \geq 0$, consider the 1-D Wave equation,

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} ,$$

with the boundary conditions,

$$(i) u(0, t) = 0 , \quad (ii) u(1, t) = 0 , \quad (iii) u(x, 0) = P(x) , \quad (iv) u_t(x, 0) = 0 .$$

(a) Solve the system with $P(x)$ given as

$$P(x) = 3x \quad , \text{ if } 0 \leq x \leq 0.25 \\ = 1 - x \quad , \text{ if } 0.25 < x \leq 1 ,$$

and plot the solution as a function of x at $t = 0, 0.3, 0.5, 0.7, 1.0,$ and 1.8 . Please collect all 6 curves in one plot.

(b) Solve the system with $P(x)$ given as (this emulates a “wave packet”)

$$P(x) = \sum_{n=30}^{50} \exp \left[- \left(\frac{n - 40}{4} \right)^2 \right] \sin(n\pi x) ,$$

and plot the solution as a function of x at $t = 0, 0.5, 1.0,$ and 1.5 . For this part, it is recommended that the four curves be plotted separately, for example arranged in 4 panels using "subplot" in Matlab.

Problem 2 (3 points)

For $u(x, t)$ defined on the domain of $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$ and $t \geq 0$, consider the PDE (in which $U, K,$ and B are constants)

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = U \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + K \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + B \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^3} ,$$

with periodic boundary conditions in the x -direction (i.e., $u(0, t) = u(2\pi, t)$, $u_x(0, t) = u_x(2\pi, t)$, and so on), and the boundary condition in the t -direction given as

$$u(x, 0) = \frac{(1 - \cos(x))^{10}}{1024} .$$

Solve the PDE by Fourier series expansion. Plot the solution $u(x, t)$ at $t = 0.1$ for the three cases with

(i) $U = 10, K = 0, B = 0$ (ii) $U = 10, K = 2.5, B = 0$, and (iii) $U = 0, K = 0, B = 0.25$. Also, plot the solution at $t = 0$ (which is the same for all three cases). Please collect all four curves in one plot.

Problem 3 (2 points)

For $u(x,t)$ defined on the domain of $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$ and $t \geq 0$, solve the PDE,

$$(1 + t) \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + 4u$$

with periodic boundary conditions in the x -direction, and the boundary condition in the t -direction given as

$$u(x, 0) = 1 + \sin(2x) + \cos(2x) .$$

We expect a closed-form solution which consists of only a finite number of terms and without any unevaluated integrals. The solution should be expressed in real functions.

Problem 4 (2 points)

For $u(x,t)$ defined on the domain of $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$ and $t \geq 0$, solve the PDE,

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = t \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + t \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^3} + (1 + t) \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial x^4} - u$$

with periodic boundary conditions in the x -direction, and the boundary condition in the t -direction given as

$$u(x, 0) = 1 + \sin(x) .$$

We expect a closed-form solution which consists of only a finite number of terms and without any unevaluated integrals. The solution should be expressed in real functions.

Problem 5 (2 points) For $u(x,t)$ defined on the domain of $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$ and $t \geq 0$, solve the PDE

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial t} + 4u$$

with periodic boundary conditions in the x -direction, and the boundary conditions at $t = 0$ given as

$$(i) u(x, 0) = 1$$

$$(ii) u_t(x, 0) = \cos(2x) .$$

We expect a closed-form solution which consists of only a finite number of terms and without any unevaluated integrals. The solution should be expressed in real functions.