

KIN 412/512

Problem to illustrate strength of tubular materials vs solid materials

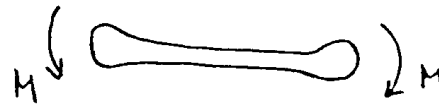


Figure : P 1

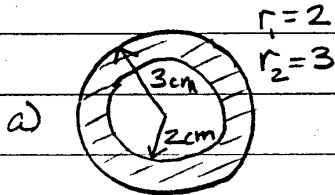
BioE 505
Mid-Term Exam
Open Book, 75 minutes

1. The approximate cross-section geometry in the mid-section of a long bone is shown in Figure P-1(a). If a solid bone does not contain a marrow cavity but has the same cross-sectional area [Fig. P-1(b)], and the two bones are subjected to the same bending moment M , compare their bending strength. If we would like to increase the bending strength of the fictitious bone of Figure P-1(b), we can increase the diameter. How much would the total bone weight increase if the bending strength of the solid bone is increased to that of the bone shown in Figure P-1(a). (20 points)

Rick Hinrichs
 BioE 505
 Midterm Exam
 1-9-80

good

#1.

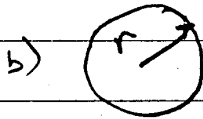


$$r_1 = 2$$

$$r_2 = 3$$

$$\pi(3^2 - 2^2) = 5\pi$$

cross sectional area
 hollow bone



$\pi r^2 =$ cross sectional area of
 solid bone

for same cross sectional area

$$\pi r^2 = 5\pi \Rightarrow \boxed{r = \sqrt{5}}$$

$\sigma_0 = \frac{MC}{I}$ max bending stress in beam
 for hollow bone:

$$\sigma_{oh} = \frac{Mr_2}{I_n}$$

$$= \frac{M(3)}{16.25\pi}$$

where $I_n = \frac{\pi}{4}(r_2^4 - r_1^4)$

$$= \frac{\pi}{4}(3^4 - 2^4)$$

$$= \frac{65\pi}{4} = 16.25\pi$$

$$\sigma_{oh} = .058764902 M$$

for solid bone

$$\sigma_{os} = \frac{Mr}{I_s}$$

$$= \frac{M\sqrt{5}}{6.25\pi}$$

where $I_s = \frac{\pi}{4} r^4 = \frac{25\pi}{4} = 6.25\pi$

$$\sigma_{os} = .113882 M \quad \checkmark$$

(2)

1 cond

Thus $\sigma_{oh} < \sigma_{os}$

$$(.059M < .114M)$$

\therefore a given moment M produces less of a maximum bending stress in the hollow bone

If solid bone increased in diameter so that $\sigma_{oh} = \sigma_{os}$ - ~~now max~~ what should this diameter be?

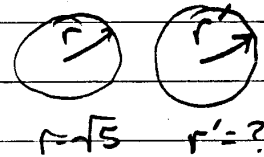
$$\sigma_{os} = \frac{Mr'}{I_s} = \frac{Mr'}{\frac{\pi}{4}r'^4} = \frac{4M}{\pi r'^3}$$

$$\text{set } = \text{to } \sigma_{oh} (= .059M)$$

$$\frac{4M}{\pi r'^3} = .059M$$

$$r' = \sqrt[3]{\frac{4}{\gamma .059\pi}}$$

$$r' = 2.7878155 \text{ cm}$$



Weight is proportional to cross sectional area (πr^2)

$$\% \text{ increase in weight: } \frac{r'^2}{r^2} = \frac{7.77}{5} = 1.554383$$

\therefore 55.4% increase in weight
for solid bone to have same
max bending stress as hollow bone
for a given moment