



Normalized Absorption and Emission Spectra

Total λ (DNA) = 20700 - 14850 cm-1 = 5850 cm-1 = 0.73 eV = 16.7 kcal/mol $\Delta E_{0,0}$ (DNA) = 17680 cm-1 = 2.19 eV = 50.6 kcal/mol

Total λ (Buff) = 19050 - 16050 cm-1 = 3000 cm-1 = 0.37 eV = 8.6 kcal/mol $\Delta E_{0.0}$ (Buff) = 17520 cm-1 = 2.17 eV = 50.1 kcal/mol

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Reduced Emission and Absorption Spectra

Determination of average emission frequency:

Evaluation of $\int I_f(\tilde{v}) d\tilde{v}$, for the normalized to unity emission spectrum in DNA, from 18519 to 12516 cm⁻¹ = 3305.8

Evaluation of $\int I_f(\tilde{v}) \tilde{v}^{-3} d\tilde{v}$, for the normalized to unity emission spectrum in DNA, from 18519 to 12516 cm⁻¹ = 9.65 x 10⁻¹⁰

average emission frequency in DNA = $(3305.8/9.65 \times 10-10)^{-3} = 15075 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ (this value really should be smaller, but we don't have the entire spectrum)

Evaluation of $\int I_f(\tilde{v}) d\tilde{v}$, for the normalized to unity emission spectrum in Buffer, from 18519 to 12516 cm⁻¹ = 2811.9

Evaluation of $\int I_f(\tilde{v}) \tilde{v}^{-3} d\tilde{v}$, for the normalized to unity emission spectrum in Buffer, from 18519 to 12516 cm⁻¹ = 7.33 x 10⁻¹⁰

average emission frequency in Buffer = $(2811.9/7.33 \times 10^{-10})^{-3} = 15654 \text{ cm}^{-1}$

Determination of radiative rate:

Evaluation of $\int \frac{\varepsilon_{abs}(\tilde{v})}{\tilde{v}} d\tilde{v}$ from 14000 to 23500 cm⁻¹ in Buffer = 1090.6 k_f = 2.881 x 10⁻⁹ (1.335)² (15654)³ 1090.6 = **2.15 x 10⁷ s⁻¹**

Evaluation of $\int \frac{\varepsilon_{abs}(\tilde{v})}{\tilde{v}} d\tilde{v}$ from 14000 to 26500 cm⁻¹ in DNA = 779.7 k_f = 2.881 x 10⁻⁹ (1.335)² (15075)³ 779.7 = **1.37 x 10⁷ s⁻¹**





These plots show that the emission spectrum in buffer exhibits an good mirror image relationship with the absorption spectrum, whereas that in DNA does not