

## Finance Formulas

| <b>Simple Interest Formulas (for add-on interest)</b>   |   |
|---|---|
| $FV = P(1 + rt)$ $\text{Interest Earned} = FV - P$ $\text{Interest Paid} = \text{total paid} - P$ | $FV$ = future value or maturity value<br>$P$ = present value or principal (lump sum)<br>$r$ = annual interest rate in decimal form<br>$t$ = time in years |

| <b>Compound Interest Formulas</b>   |                                     |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| $FV = P\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$ $\text{Interest Earned} = FV - P$ | $n$ = number of periods in one year |

| <b>Annual Yield Formulas</b>                 |  |
|--|--|
| $ay = \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt} - 1$ | Annual Yield for 1 year<br>$ay$ = annual yield |

| <b>Ordinary Annuity Formulas (for sinking funds, IRA, TDA)</b>  |                                    |
|---|------------------------------------|
| $FV(\text{ordinary}) = \text{pymt} \frac{\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt} - 1}{\left(\frac{r}{n}\right)}$ $\text{Interest Earned} = FV - (\text{pymt} * nt)$ | $\text{pymt}$ = payment size       |
| $\text{pymt} \frac{\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt} - 1}{\left(\frac{r}{n}\right)} = P\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$                                     | $P$ = present value of the annuity |

| <b>Simple Interest Amortized Loan Formulas (for mortgage loans)</b>   |                                    |
|---|------------------------------------|
| $\text{pymt} \frac{\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt} - 1}{\left(\frac{r}{n}\right)} = P\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$ $\text{Interest Paid} = (\text{pymt} * nt) - P$ | $P$ = present value or loan amount |