

Problem Set #1
CHM 333
September 15, 2008

1. Write a Lewis dot structure for each of the following compounds. Show the formal charge on atoms if any. Be sure to show all valence electrons including lone pair electrons. Also add an electron for each negative charge. Subtract an electron for a positive charge.

a)



Carbonic Acid

b)



Hydrogen cyanide

c)



Formic Acid

Irritant made by ants

d)



Borane

e)



Nitrogen Dioxide

Air pollutant

f)



Nitrous Oxide

Laughing gas

g)



Hypochlorous Acid

Bleach component

h)



Phosphoric Acid

i)



Sulfur Trioxide

j)



Hydrogen Sulfide

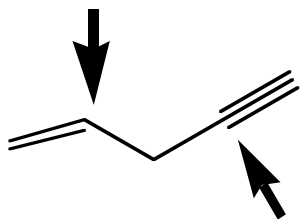
k)



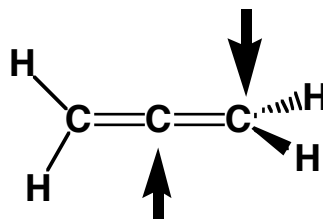
Subtract one electron for the positive charge

3. Describe the hybridization and geometry of the indicated atoms of the structures below. Write your answers in the space provided.

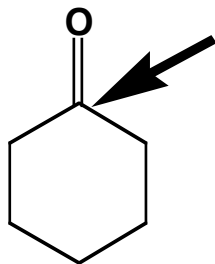
a)



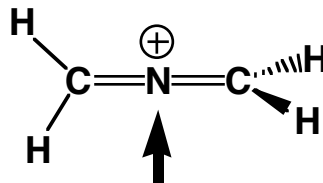
e)



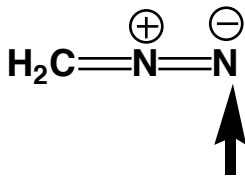
b)



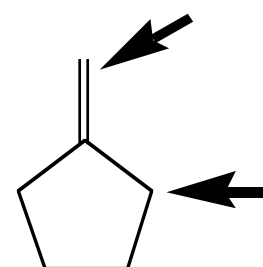
f)



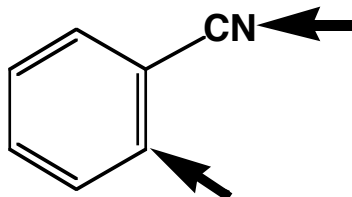
c)



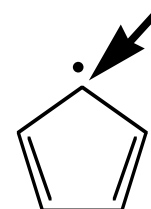
g)



d)



h)

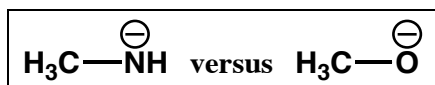


3. Provide the requested answer along with a brief explanation for your choice.

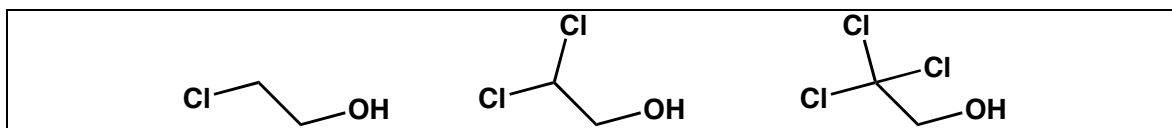
a) Which is the **stronger base**?



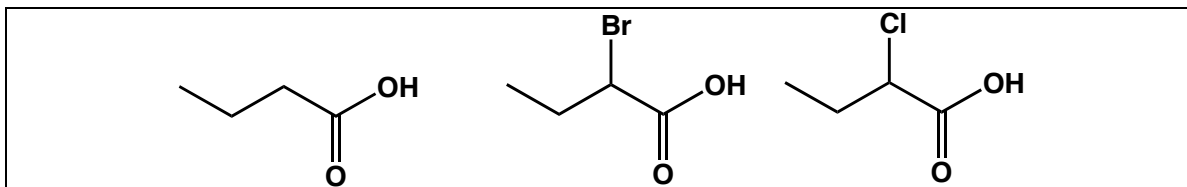
b) Which is the **stronger base**?



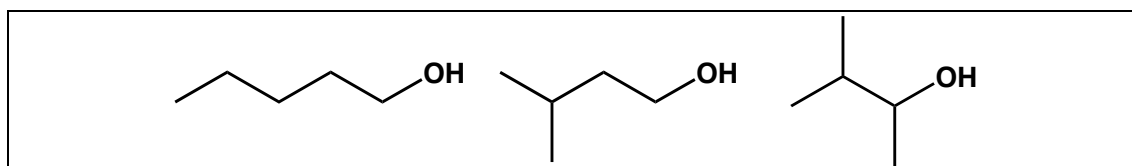
c) Which is the **strongest acid**?



d) Which is the **strongest acid**?

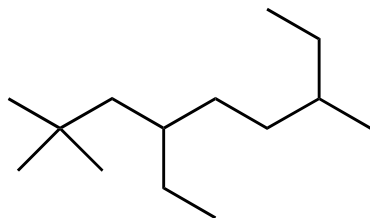


e) Which of the following is more soluble in water?



4. Provide an IUPAC or common name for each of the following groups and compounds.

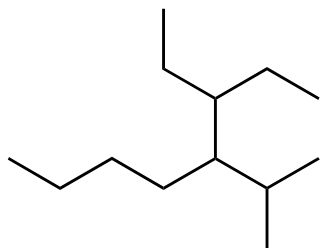
a)



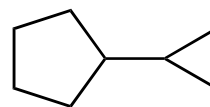
b)



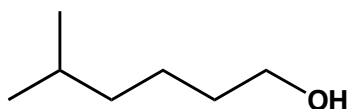
c)



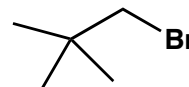
d)



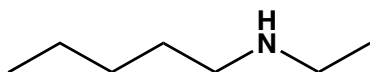
e)



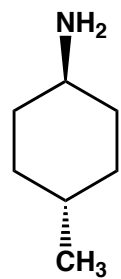
f)



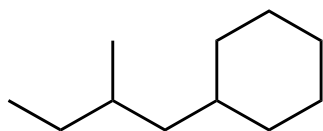
g)



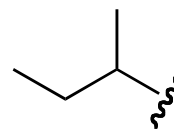
h)



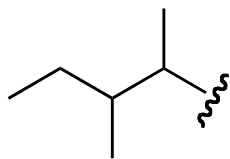
i)



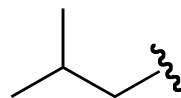
j)



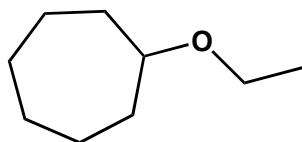
l.



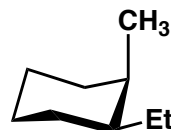
m.



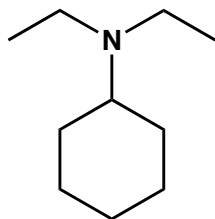
n.



o.



p.



5. Provide the structure of each of the following compounds.

a) Isobutyl Bromide

b) Chloroform

c) Triethylamine

d) Ethanol

e) Isooctane

f) Diethyl Ether

g) *tert*-Butyl Alcohol

h) Cyclooctane

i) *tert*-Butylmethyl ether

j) Chlorofluoromethane

6. In the following acid / base reactions, predict the products and the direction of the equilibrium (products versus reactants).

