

# Toward an Integration of Answer Set and Constraint Solving

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Submitted

## The Problem

Current answer set solvers start with grounding of a logic program,  $P$ .

If  $P$  has a variable which ranges over a finite domain then  $ground(P)$  may be too large for the solvers.

We need to avoid complete grounding of  $P$ !

## The Basic Idea

- Expend the language of ASP to allow:
  1. regular relations;
  2. relations over predefined finite domains;
  3. mixed relations;
- A program  $P$  of the new language consists of a regular program  $R$  and a collection  $C$  of constraints of the form

$\leftarrow body.$

where  $body$  is a set of arbitrary literals.

Use constraint satisfaction methods to solve  $C$ .

## Example

Consider a logic program  $R$  describing possible agent's trajectories in some dynamic domain.

Each trajectory is of the form:

$$\langle \sigma_0, a_0, \sigma_1, \dots, a_{n-1}, \sigma_n \rangle$$

To reason about actual time of various events  $R$  can be used in conjunction with constraints:

$$\leftarrow \text{time}(I_1, T_1), \text{time}(I_2, T_2), I_1 < I_2, T_1 \geq T_2$$

$$\leftarrow \text{time}(I, T_1), \text{time}(I, T_2), T_1 \neq T_2$$

$$\leftarrow \text{time}(I, T_1), \text{time}(I + 1, T_2), o(A, I), |T_2 - T_1| < 3$$

## What is done?

- Define syntax and semantics of the new language,  $ASP^c$ .
- Designed and proved correctness of an algorithm which computes answer sets of  $ASP^C$ . The algorithm combines the "classical" ASP algorithm with the use of CSP solvers.
- Started an implementation of the algorithm. Even the simplest implementation allows us to reason with time ranging over integers from 0 to 600000 which is absolutely impossible with ASP solvers.