

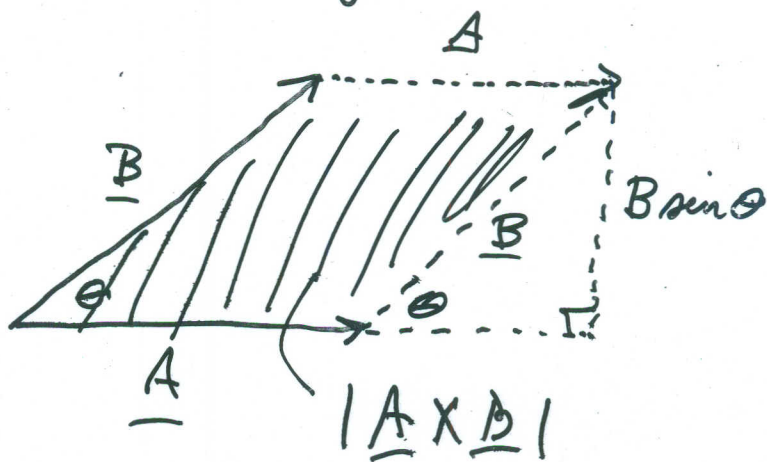
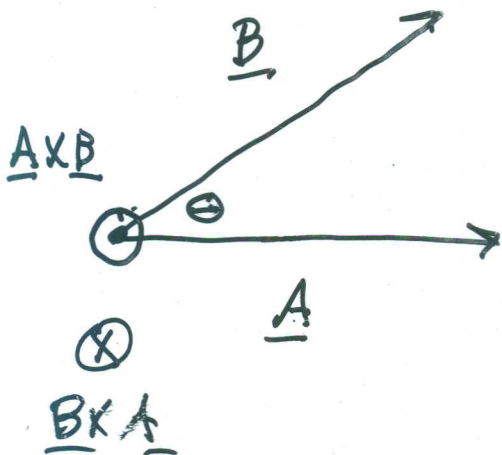
VECTOR OR CROSS PRODUCT

$$\underline{A} \times \underline{B} = AB \sin \theta \text{ in a dir given by a RHR}$$

θ is the angle between \underline{A} and \underline{B}

$|\underline{A} \times \underline{B}|$ is the "area" of the parallelogram with sides \underline{A} and \underline{B}

$$\text{area} = \text{base} \cdot \text{height} = AB \sin \theta$$



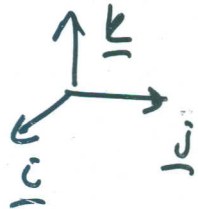
anticommutative

$$\underline{A} \times \underline{B} = -\underline{B} \times \underline{A}$$

distributive

$$\underline{A} \times (\underline{B} + \underline{C}) = \underline{A} \times \underline{B} + \underline{A} \times \underline{C}$$

unit vectors



$$\underline{i} \times \underline{i} = \underline{j} \times \underline{j} = \underline{k} \times \underline{k} = 0 \text{ since } \sin 0^\circ = 0$$

$$\underline{i} \times \underline{j} = \underline{k} \quad \underline{j} \times \underline{k} = \underline{i} \quad \underline{k} \times \underline{i} = \underline{j} \text{ since } \sin 90^\circ = 1$$

general 2D case

$$\underline{A} \times \underline{B} = (A_x \underline{i} + A_y \underline{j}) \times (B_x \underline{i} + B_y \underline{j})$$

$$= (A_x B_y - A_y B_x) \underline{k}$$